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## Death, rapes, and broken bones at Philly's only residential treatment center for troubled youth

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Shortly after David Hess died in a struggle with staffers at Wordsworth last fall, the state shuttered the West Philadelphia facility, decrying it as "an immediate and serious danger" to the children who lived there.

The death of Hess, 17 - ruled a homicide – was yet another violent chapter in a hidden history of abuse at the city's only residential treatment center for troubled young people. In the last decade, at least 49 sex crimes have been reported at Wordsworth, including 12 rapes and 23 accounts of sexual abuse, an Inquirer and Daily News investigation has found.

Interviews, court records, state inspection reports, and police records reveal a trail of injuries to children, from broken bones to assaults to the suffocation death of Hess. Along the way, lawyers, licensing inspectors, and others found conditions there with little success.

In 2015, three girls at the center were sexually assaulted by a counselor who lured them with promises of "Exceptional hardships" money and gifts, they would later tell police. While rumors of the incidents swirled, Wordsworth officials were slow to investigate, and the girls say the assaults continued for weeks.

outrageous," said Frank Cervone, night Hess died. Many had been executive director of the Support placed there by the city after suffer-Center for Child Advocates, which ing abuse or neglect. Others were represents victims of child abuse ordered to stay there by juvenile and neglect.

For Hess, who suffered from profound mental illness, and the other behaviorally challenged young peoall too often reaped failure.

appalling and sounded the alarm "He died a child," said Hess' sister, Elizabeth, 28. "He died a child in a facility designed to help him, and it didn't help him. It killed him."

On the sprawling grounds of a former hospital on Ford Road, Wordsworth, a nonprofit, runs a variety of programs that aim to help children and families in need. The redbrickand-glass residential treatment fa-"I couldn't believe that. It's pretty cility housed 82 young people the court after committing a crime. All had mental illness or behavioral problems, posing severe challenges for their caregivers.

ple who called Wordsworth home, Ranging in age from 10 to 21, the the center was supposed to be a ref- young people in Wordsworth's care uge, a place to get needed help. lived in a rundown facility and slept Taxpayers shelled out \$119,000 a in rooms with holes in the walls, exyear for the care of each child, but posed wiring, broken light fixtures, and faulty heaters. There, records show, they were sometimes tended Community Behavioral Health, a Police declined to provide details of to by ill-trained staffers.

Despite its deficiencies, Wordsworth had its license renewed by the state Department of Human Services again and again, and child welfare agencies and the courts continued to send young people there.

DHS officials declined to explain its decisions to allow Wordsworth to operate after compiling a long history of violations. They said the agency is examining how it handled problems at Wordsworth and whether changes need to be made.

Officials at Wordsworth, which has appealed the closure order, declined to be interviewed and declined to respond to a detailed list of questions.

In a statement, Wordsworth's board chairman, Thomas V. Johnson, said: "At Wordsworth, there is no greater value we have than the responsibility to care for our children." He said many of the young people who live there "had experienced exceptional hardships in their lives with behavioral and other mental health issues."

vented him from discussing specific reports of 12 rapes, two cases of in- After she reported the assault, she incidents at the facility. However, he voluntary deviate sexual intercourse, said, "we would like to state une- seven reports of indecent exposure, Wordsworth called the "safe room" committed to ensuring a safe and als of a minor, and one case of child again. secure environment for all children endangerment. In addition, police in our care." He also noted that in were called to investigate 23 reports January Wordsworth hired a new of sexual abuse, and six reports of CEO.

the city, funneled about \$6 million a those crimes, which began shortly year in state and federal money to after the center opened in 2006. Wordsworth to care for a steady stream of young people at an average cost of \$326 per day.

checks even after it learned of seri- to touch his penis, court records ous problems at the facility, includ- show. Thompson, then 26, later ing sexual assaults.

"Our approach to agencies generally is that we need them, and if there are opportunities to improve, we work with them," said Joan Erney, chief Another case that year turned out executive of Community Behavioral much differently. A girl, 13, told Health.

"We did rely on Wordsworth extensively," she added. "Places outside of Philadelphia don't want to take our kids. They tell us our kids are Other staffers were less supportive, some really difficult problems."

"Nobody believes you"

In the last decade, police were summoned to Wordsworth more than 800 times for incidents ranging from minor disturbances and tripped fire Johnson said pending lawsuits pre- alarms to rape. Police records show physical abuse against children.

nonprofit that oversees publicly those cases, but records obtained by funded mental-health services for the Inquirer shed light on some of

The next year, for instance, staffer Norman Thompson went to a 16year-old girl's room at 4 a.m., The agency continued to write those touched her genitals, and forced her pleaded no contest to indecent exposure and corruption of a minor and was sentenced to five years' probation.

> police a staffer came into her room one night and raped her. She told her social worker, who took her to the hospital and alerted police.

too complicated. They tell us our said the woman, now, 23, whose kids are too hard. We have kids with name the Inquirer and Daily News are withholding because the newspapers do not identify victims of alleged sexual assault without their permission.

> "They didn't believe me when I told," she said. "Nobody believes vou. They all stick together."

said, she was moved to what quivocally that Wordsworth remains four cases of corruption of the mor- and she never saw her attacker

> But word of her allegations spread through the facility, she said.

> "People kept calling me a liar," she said. "So I just told my social work

me."

as a violent place where young peo- rests were made in just four cases. don't," said Steven F. Marino, a ple fight among themselves and with Those include the one involving lawyer for the Hess family who the staff.

"That place was horrible," she said.

Another woman reported a sexual assault by a staffer at Wordsworth in 2008 when she was 16. She said the man came into her room at night, assaulted her, and ejaculated on her.

Afterward, she remembered feeling confused. In ways that she now understands to be wrong, part of her felt good about it. "I was just happy that somebody touched me," she said. "I never had a guy touch me because I was in placement for so long."

The woman, now 25, said she and her brothers were removed from their home because their mother had mental problems and tried to harm them.

After the assault at Wordsworth, she said, she finally told her social worker. "She was like my mom because I'd been there for so long" since age 11, the woman said. "She told me, 'That's wrong,' and she reported it."

The woman said she knew girls at Wordsworth who had sex with staffers. "They'd say, 'Hey, Daddy." Like you call your man, 'Hey, Daddv.' "

er I didn't want to do it [pursue the It was tolerated, she said. "Nothing required training in the care and case] anymore, and they didn't force came to light down there," she said. management of children.

Among dozens of sex crimes report- "It's like carrying a gun without a The woman described Wordsworth ed at the facility, records show, ar- license. You either have it or you girls. Also charged were two boys, or you're not." 16 and 13, accused in separate incidents of raping other boys at the center.

"They just lost track of the place"

Wordsworth, founded in 1952 as a school for children with reading disabilities, expanded rapidly in recent vears.

Beginning in 2013, it won city contracts to provide foster care, education, and social services for children at risk of abuse, neglect, or delinquency, with public funding rising to \$55 million a year. These contracts fueled enormous growth. Wordsworth grew into a behemoth Lissy Sherman says that's what she organization with a \$77 million-a- experienced at Wordsworth in 2008 year budget that also runs a school when she was 17. and an acute psychiatric facility and says it serves more than 5,600 children and families each year.

well beyond the troubled youth health technician, Isaac Wilson, home, said Cervone, of the Child came in to get her, she said. Advocacy center, "it's possible that they just lost track of the place."

Over the years, inspectors from the me, pulling me," she said. state Department of Human Services repeatedly cited the facility for failing to ensure that its workers had the

Thompson and the arrest of a staffer plans to sue Wordsworth. "You're charged with assaulting the three either allowed to be around children

> Proper training in how to safely restrain a child is essential in facilities such as Wordsworth, where children can grow combative quickly, experts say. State officials warned Wordsworth about the importance of the proper use of restraint in inspections of the facility in 2012, 2013, 2015, and 2016. Wordsworth officials repeatedly pledged to be more diligent.

> If staff aren't properly trained in proper restraint techniques, "they use techniques they'd use in the street," Marino said.

In an interview, Sherman, now 26, said it was "med call," or time to get medication, and she didn't come out As Wordsworth's work expanded of her room on time. A mental-

> "He literally dragged me out the room pulling my clothes, dragging

As it happened, her friend saw the attack. "He had her on the ground and bent her arm back." the woman recalled. "She was crying."

her arm was fractured. "You could harm on someone, was supposed to nity Behavioral Health officials nesee my bone sticking out."

Sherman remembers that Wilson turned to her and said: "I didn't do that."

A lawsuit Sherman's mother later filed on her behalf said the injury to her arm required surgery to realign the bone. In court papers, a lawyer for Wordsworth said Sherman had been "combative and aggressive" and contributed to her own injury.

The suit was settled for a sum not disclosed in court documents. Sherman said she was paid \$47,000.

In another incident, a 17-year-old girl suffered a broken jaw in 2010 in a struggle with a staffer who was trying to break up a fight she was having with another girl. Shakara Holly said in court papers that the staffer, Ahmadou Mbengue, used "unusually harsh force" as he attempted to restrain her. Lawyers for Wordsworth and Mbengue denied that and the lawsuit ended when Wordsworth agreed to pay an undisclosed sum.

Then came a terrible event that reverberated outside the Wordsworth campus. In April 2015, a 16-yearold boy at Wordsworth was awakened at 4:30 in the morning by another boy who forced him to perform oral sex and then pushed him to the floor and raped him.

At the time of the assault, Craig Roberts, who was sent to Wordsworth after committing a robbery tacked the boy.

When the victim initially reported the crime, staffers were dismissive, the teen said, and he had to beg to be taken to the hospital. An exam there The monthly meetings became bifound tears in his anus. Police inves- monthly on a sexual-assault charge.

The victim was moved to another told police.

These crimes and other troubling reports so concerned lawyers at the Defender Association of Philadelphia that they began holding monthly meetings with officials at Wordsworth and Community Behavioral He lured the 15-year-old to the Health. Also at the meetings were basement by promising her diapers representatives of the city and its and milk for her 1-year-old child in Department of Human Services, exchange for oral sex and interchildren who have been abused or promised another girl, 17, that he neglected or have been adjudicated would help her with a criminal case delinquent after committing crimes; in exchange for sex and naked the state Department of Human Ser- selfies, police said. vices, which licenses and inspects the facility; and representatives of And the third girl, also 17, told po-Philadelphia's juvenile probation department.

cameras in the building and fix up trouble. conditions inside, Erney said. They also pledged to improve training.

During the struggle, Sherman said, and threatening to inflict bodily But as part of their review, Commube kept under one-on-one supervi- glected to read the state inspection sion, lawyers for the victim said. reports on Wordsworth. Had they Instead, he was left alone and at- done so, they would have learned of lingering problems, including lapses in training, delays in medical care, injuries to children through improper restraints, and reported abuse.

> meetings. "Everyone tigated and Roberts, now 18, was seemed to think that they were on arrested and adjudicated delinquent the right path, and we were going to go to every six months" for meetings, Erney said.

> wing at Wordsworth, where he was But several months later, in 2015, raped by a second attacker, he later three girls, ages 15 to 17, reported repeated sexual assaults by residential counselor Isaac Outten. The girls said Outten took them to the basement for sex and forced them to take naked photographs of themselves with his iPhone.

> which is responsible for the care of course, she later told police. He

lice Outten took her to the basement for sex after a counselor left her alone with him. She said he told her Wordsworth officials agreed to put not to tell anyone or he would get in

> Wordsworth suspended and later fired Outten after one of the girls told a counselor what happened. But

interviews Wordsworth conducted in preparation for the defense of a lawsuit.

State DHS officials learned of at she said. least one of the alleged rapes through its abuse hotline, Childline, in late November. A month later, the agency renewed Wordsworth's license.

Outten, 38, was later charged with institutional sexual assault, involuntary deviate sexual intercourse, corruption of minors, child endangerment, and other crimes. He has pleaded not guilty and is awaiting trial. Through his lawyer, Outten declined to comment

Nadeem A. Bezar, a lawyer with Kline & Specter who has sued Wordsworth on behalf of two of the girls, said the center breached its duty to them by allowing Outten to be alone with them.

worth did not follow protocol that ers entered David Hess' bedroom in would have prevented their em- search of a stolen iPod. Two of them Hess and his brothers were adopted ployee from preying on these vul- did not have the required annual together and moved to Lebanon, Pa., nerable girls," he said. He also training in the proper methods of where they lived with Roth, her faulted it for not investigating the restraining a child and should not husband, and five other children. rumors that Outten was having have been allowed to work with sex with the girls.

the city's Department of Human tossed furniture around his room in cies. Services, also decried the reported search of the iPod, the 5-foot-9, 149assaults on the girls. And she said pound Hess grew agitated and she was horrified by the death of struggled with them. At one point, a Hess.

some staffers had heard rumblings Figueroa was new to the job when punched him repeatedly in the ribs, that Outten was having sex with one Hess was killed at Wordsworth and witnesses later told state investigaor more of the girls and they did she visited the center days later to tors. nothing, according to a summary of investigate. "I wanted to see it with officials my own eyes," she said.

> What she found shocked her. The can't breathe." place was in "horrible condition,"

"It was not the conditions conducive to a child that would be in our care," she said. "It was really worn down."

The physical plant aside, Figueroa said, "you could feel the stress and tension when you walked into the building."

Still, she said, some children told her that they were happy there, that the staff was like family, that they considered Wordsworth their home. Others wanted to leave.

Within days of the closure order, all of the children were sent to residential treatment centers in other states or to acute psychiatric facilities.

A stolen iPod, a death

"It is unfortunate that Words- On Oct. 13, three Wordsworth staffchildren, state records show.

staffer held him down while another

"Get off me," he cried, according to a state report on the incident. "I

And then, witnesses said, the room fell silent

The city Medical Examiner's Office ruled that Hess died from suffocation.

Just a few days earlier, Hess' mother, Maryann Roth, had spoken to her son about his coming home for Christmas

Roth, who adopted Hess and his two brothers when he was two, said it was too painful to talk about what happened to him at Wordsworth.

Born into a family with a history of mental illness, Hess was removed from his biological mother's home in Germantown when he was a toddler. His birth mother was schizophrenic, drug-addicted, and given to bouts of anger, said Marino, the lawyer for the Hess family.

As he grew, Hess exhibited signs of mental illness, paranoia, explosive Cynthia Figueroa, commissioner of As they flipped over his bed and anger, and self-destructive tenden-

> "He was a very, very difficult child," Marino said. "This child's parents couldn't manage him." For a

time, he was sent to live at the Bradley Center, a residential treatment facility in Pittsburgh that specializes in helping children with mentalhealth problems.

But officials there found him to be too much of a challenge, Marino said, and he was sent to Wordsworth.

"It's hard to find a setting for kids with these disabilities," he said. "You're dealing with a tough population."

At the same time, he said, Wordsworth, in accepting the challenge of admitting and treating Hess, had a duty to help him. "Wordsworth says, 'We'll take on the responsibility.' They take the money and they can't manage him," Marino said.

Law enforcement officials declined to comment but continue to investigate Hess' death. Wordsworth paid for his funeral and tombstone.

To Elizabeth Hess, the loss of her brother's life was senseless.

"An iPod," she said. "Are we really OK with that being the cause of my brother's death?"